



STATUS BESSY II

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Introduction: Some Facts about BESSY II

On-going Projects:

new 50 MeV LINAC
Fast Orbit Feedback
Top-Up Operation
EMIL
Modernization

Future Projects:

BESSY_VSR

Other Projects @ HZB:

BERLinPro

Outlook

slides „borrowed“ from A. Jankowiak, D.
Schüler, R. Müller, K. Bürkmann,

Energy/current	1.7GeV / 300mA
Emittance	6 nm-rad 4 nm rad
Straight sections	16
Undulators / MPW+WLS	10 / 1+3
ID / dipole beam lines	32 / 20
end stations (fixed+var)	52

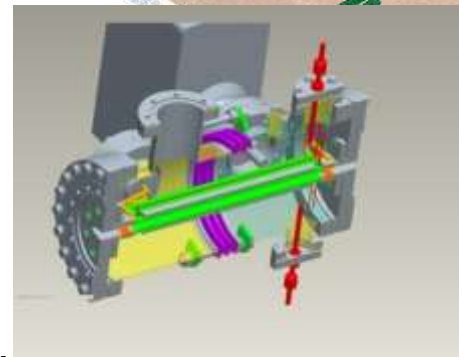
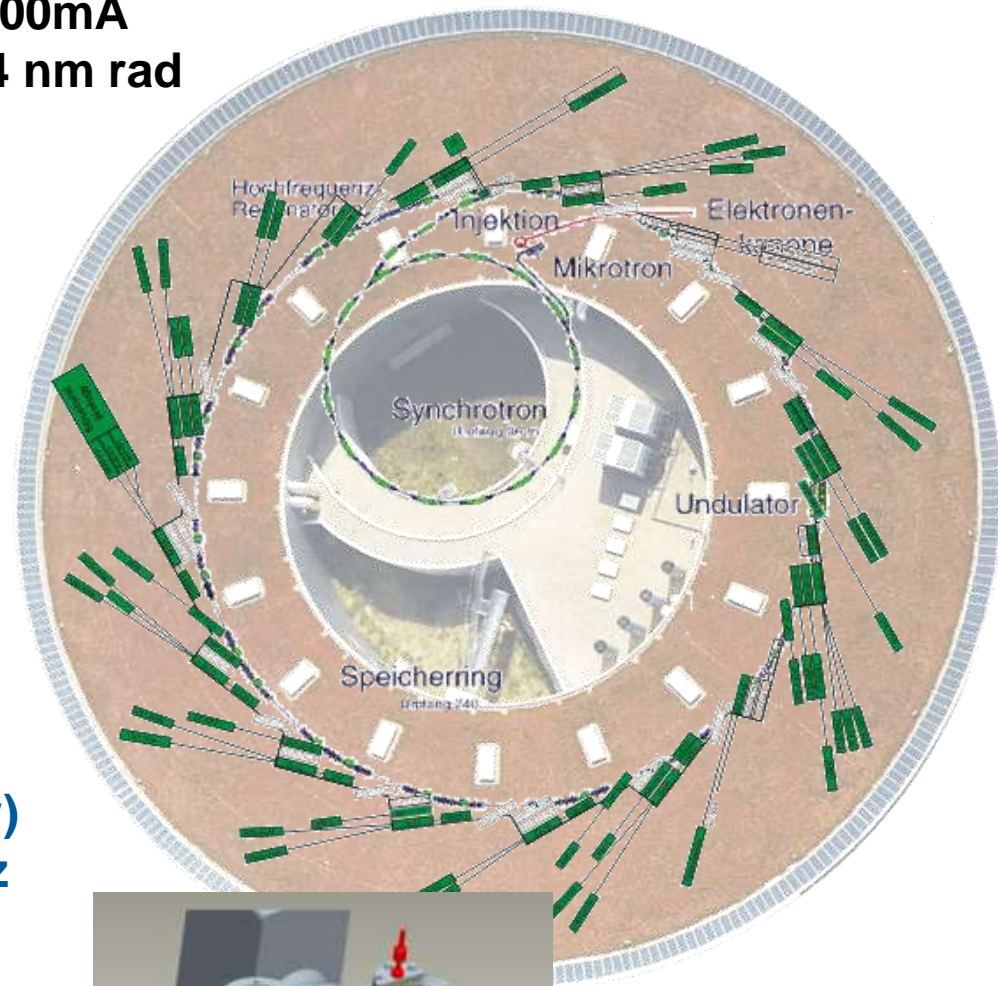
- ~ 5000 h/a user service
- ~ 2400 users / a
- ~ 1000 h/a beam test + commiss.

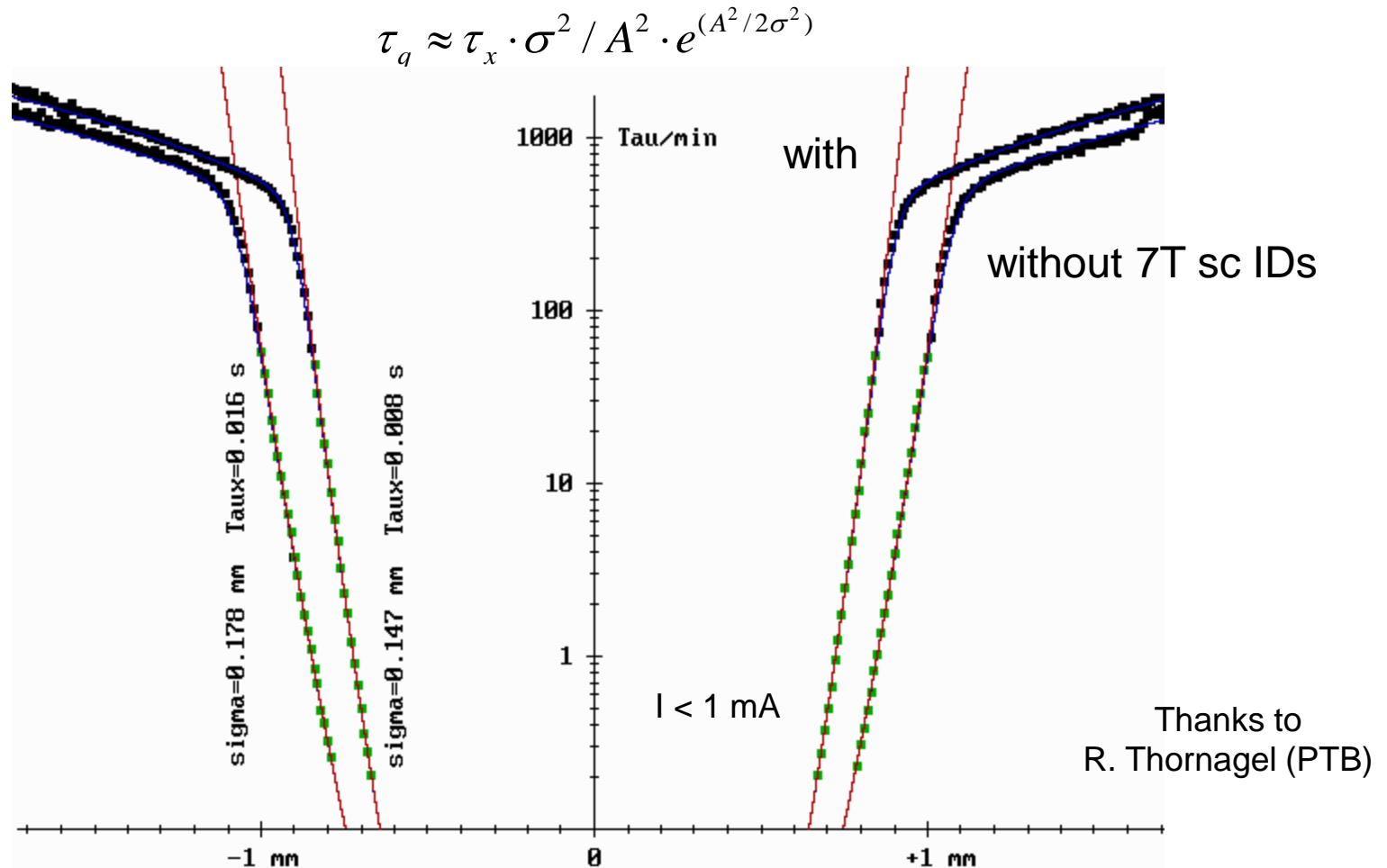
used for accelerator research

Running up-grades:

- new injector linac for 30x higher charge in single bunch injection (under commissioning right now)
- Fast Orbit Feedback, up to 100Hz
- Top-Up (will start 2012)

R+D project: **Development and tests of a new non-linear injection kicker**
(NO field on axis)



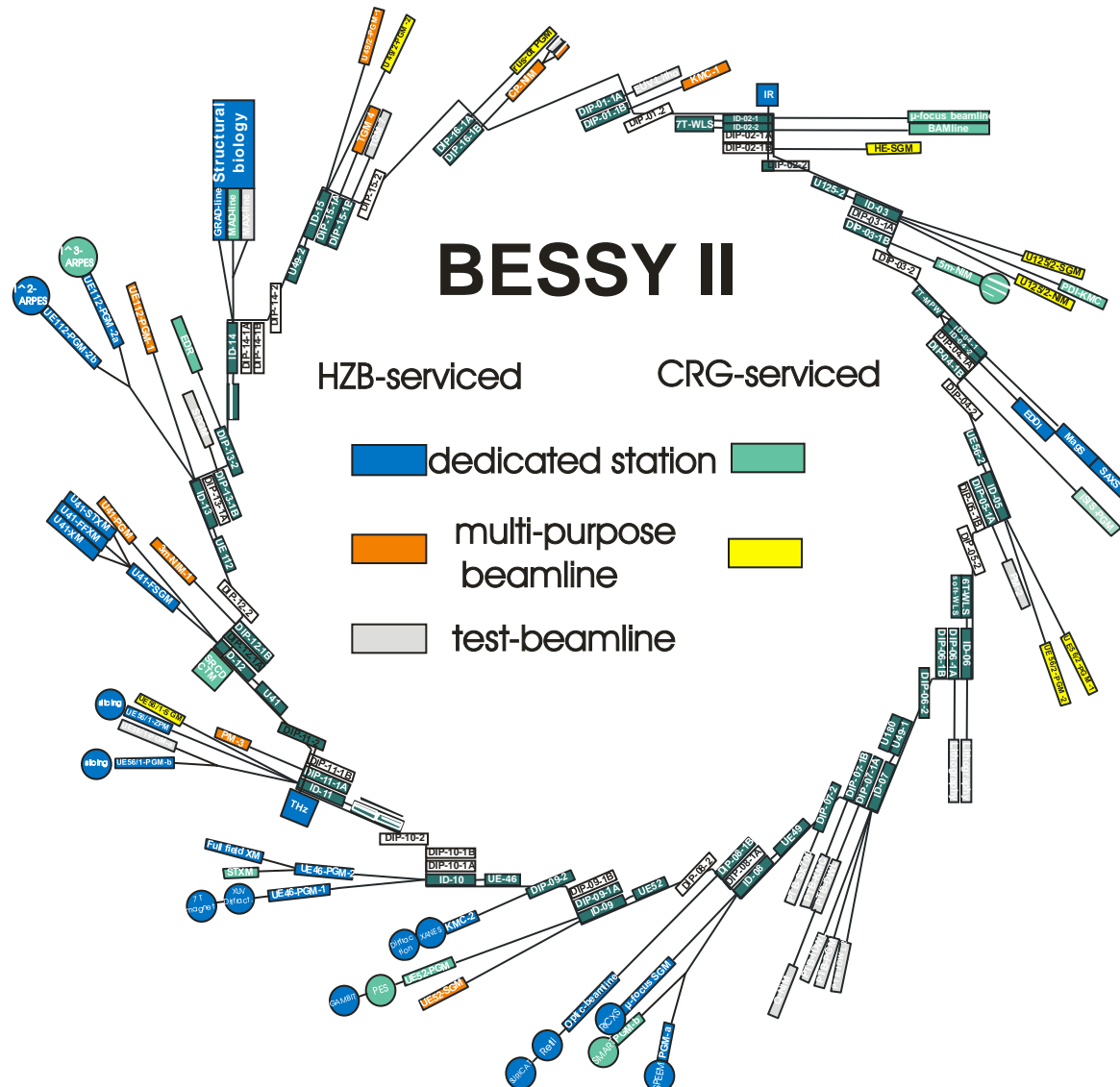


Measurement of the aperture dependent quantum lifetime with scrapers
30 % emittance reduction in agreement with theoretical expectations

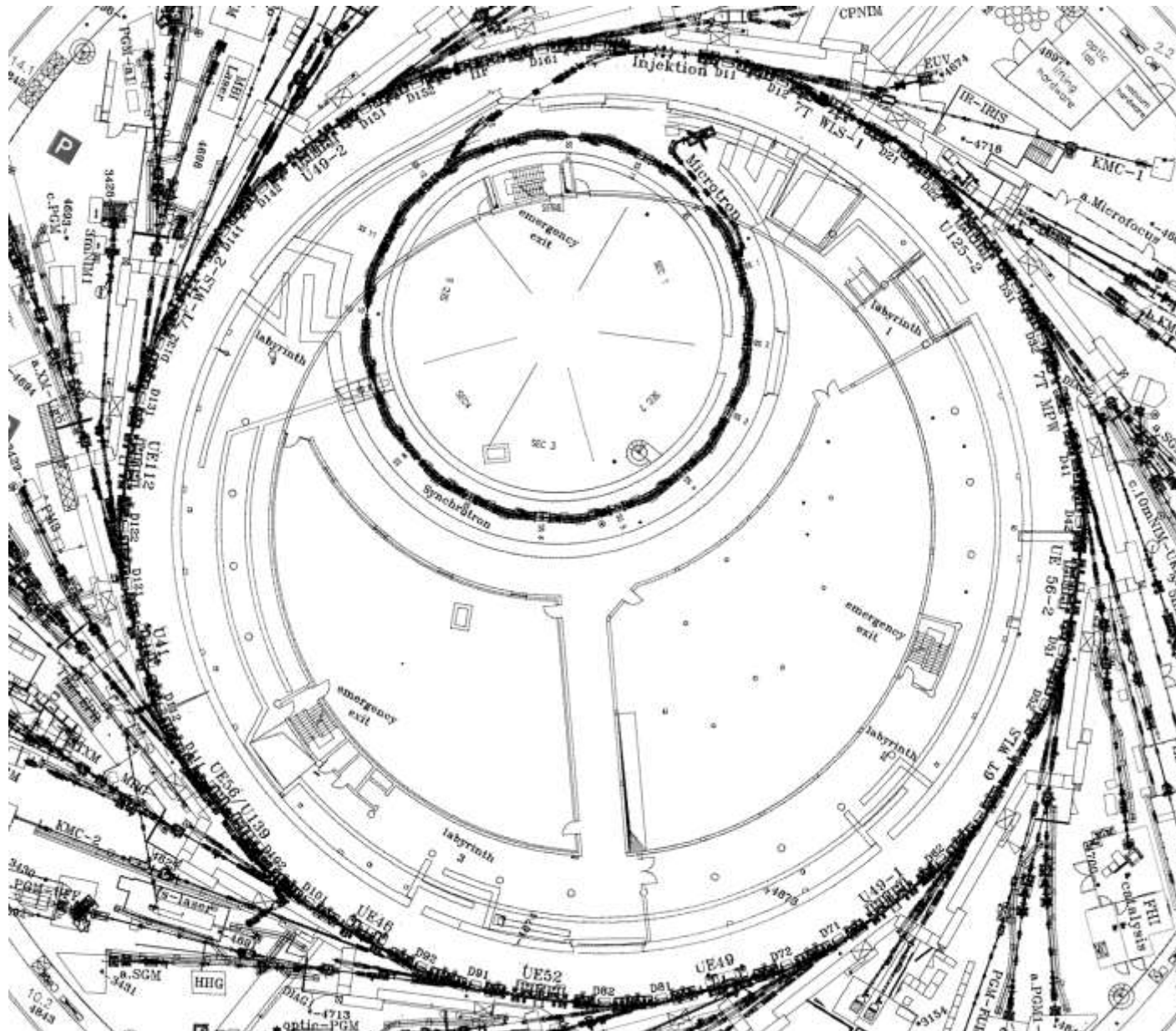
- spectroscopy & scattering
- imaging & lithography
- dynamic studies

femto slicing
100fs, polarized x-rays
6kHz and variable
pump probe laser

flexible fill patterns
single bunch, hybrid, ...



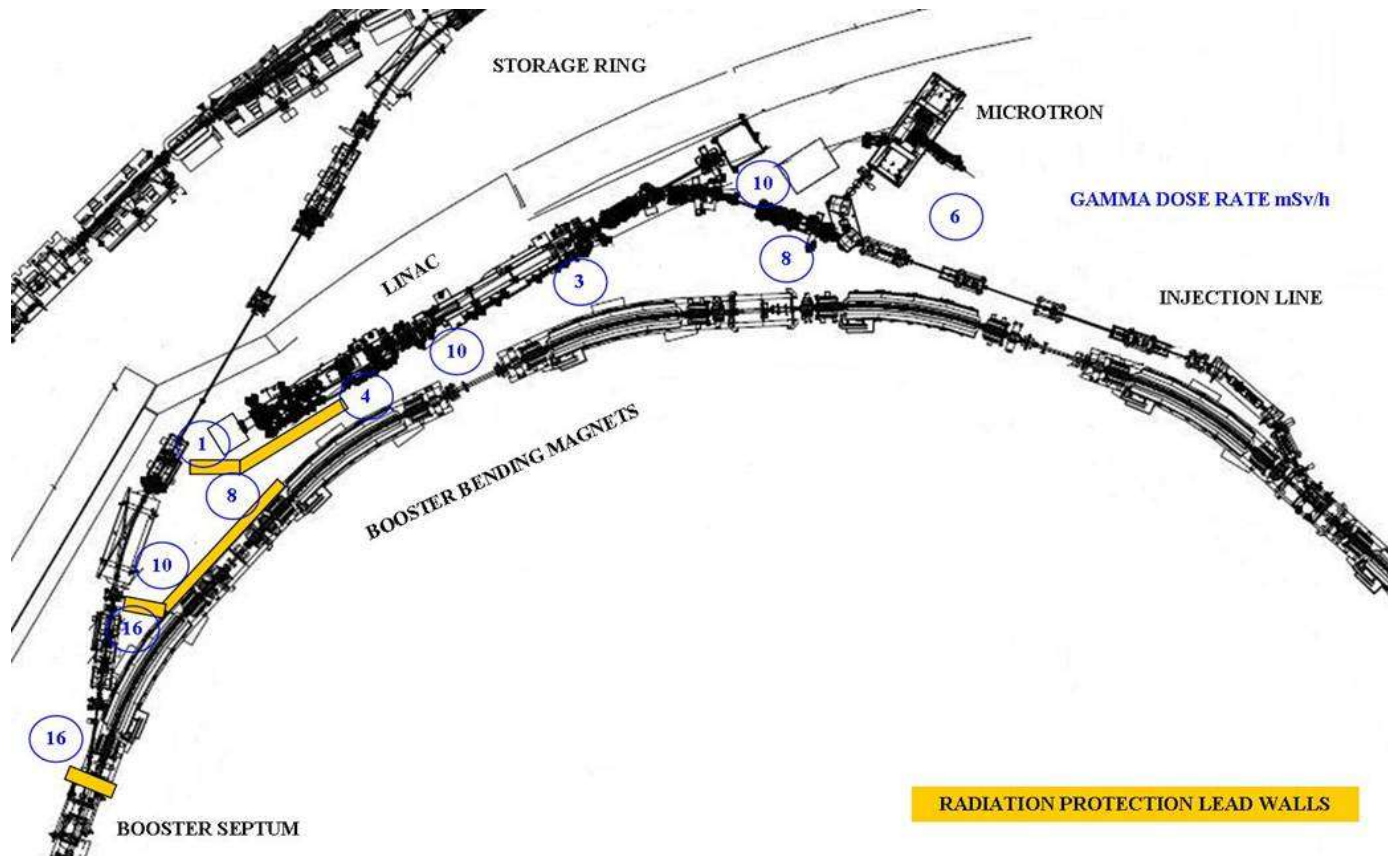
Integration of the Linac in the Synchrotron-Tunnel (Dirk Schöler)



Limited space and radiation from booster

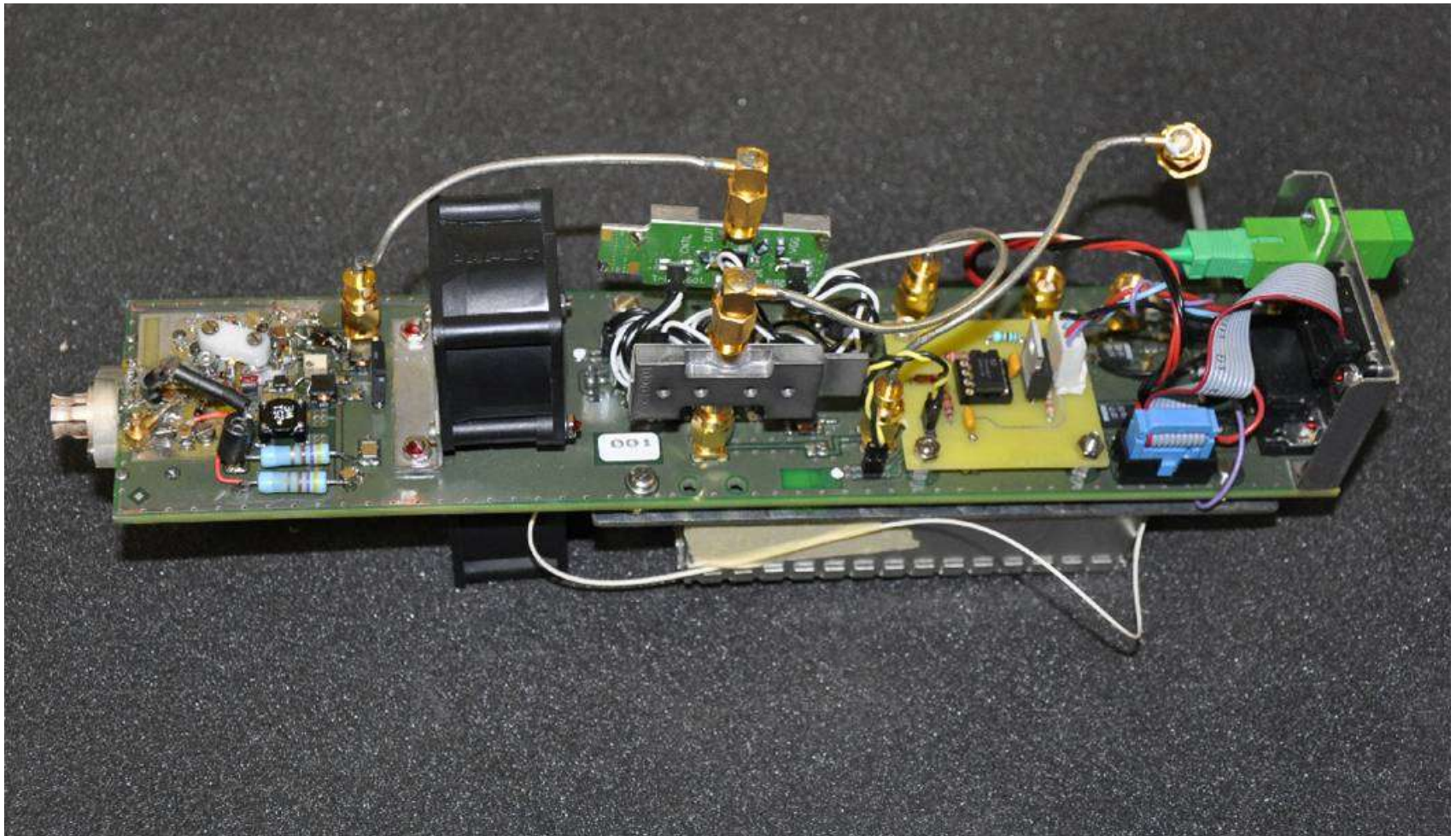
During injection with the Microtron into the Booster we observed approx 20 mSv/h in Linac area. This radiation induces problems in the Gun Cabinet and in the 500 MHz-Prebuncher.

The picture shows the radiation survey after shielding and orbit correction.



Cathode Driver Board

The Driver Board is designed and made by Thales. During commissioning HV sparks in the Gun cabinet destroyed the very fast and over-sensitive output transistor.



Water leak

In November 2010 after one month of commissioning a water leak between the structure cooling water tube and the vacuum occurred.

Thales and PMB needed 4 months to find a solution and complete repair.

The cooling tube was repaired in the BESSY Synchrotron tunnel.



BESSY got a 12 Year warranty for the Linac Structure. This warranty includes a newly designed structure.

All specified Beam parameters were achieved

SAT results	spec. SB	measured	spec. MB	measured
Energy (MeV)	50	50.9	50	50.6
Transmission (%)	61	64	68	88
Charge (nC)	0.35	0.34	2.00	2.15
Energy Spread (% rms)	0.40	0.24	0.40	0.39
norm. Emittance h/v (π mm mrad)	50/50	38.6/32.7	50/50	12.2/10.7

Today's Booster current for MB 1.7 mA and for SB 0.1 mA

this is already comparable to the Microtron

First injection in the storage ring with SB on 29/09/2011

It is possible to use the existing injection line optic with both injectors

Charge restrictions in place due to radiation protection



Status by Components

Fast BPM Data Acquisition: **Existent (100%)**

- 2.4 kHz Sampling Rate
- FFT Diagnostic Use: 0.5 – 200Hz

New Fast Powersupplies: **8/112 Installed**

- Transfer function: up to 200Hz
- Control flexibility
- Comparable Specs @ +/- 8A, 40V

Fast Set Point Distribution: **Operational (100%)**

- Digital I/O board modified
- Reflective Memory: BPM DAQ, PS IOCs
- Known Time Budget: < 8ms/cycle

Optimized Algorithms: **currently tuned (20%)**

- Rapid Prototyping: Matlab Middle Layer (MML)
- Verification: Slow FOFB == proven SOFB
- Closed Loop Tests (Beam Time Needed)

Open questions

Interplay of SOFB/FOFB

- Removal of FOFB DC component
- Inference of golden Orbit
- Role of RF

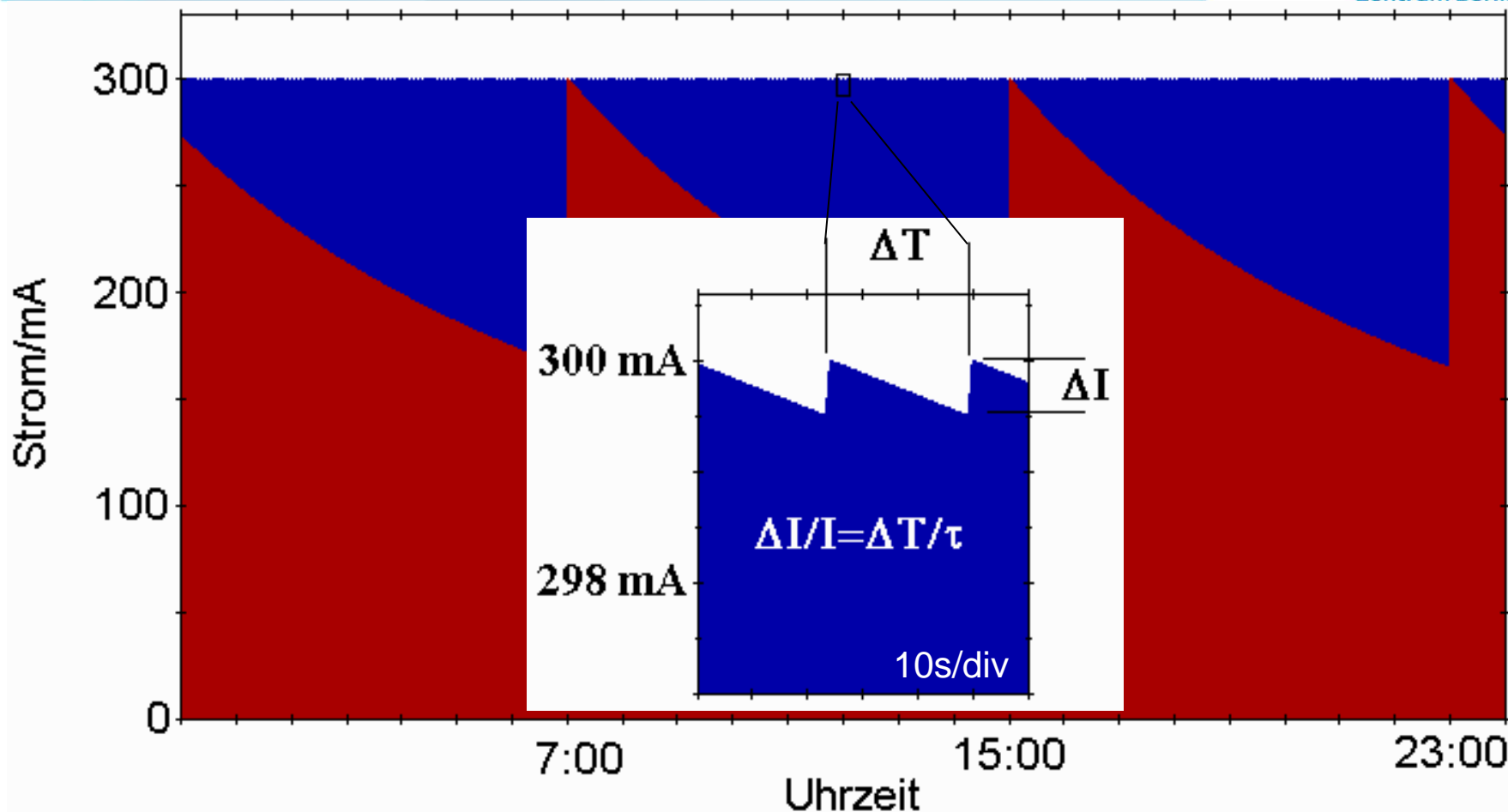
Control system integration

- Performance monitoring, supervision, control
- Detection of faults, misreadings
- Countermeasures

Phase II = New BPMs

improved position precision, fast diagnostics

- New, innovative solutions available (NSLS-II)?



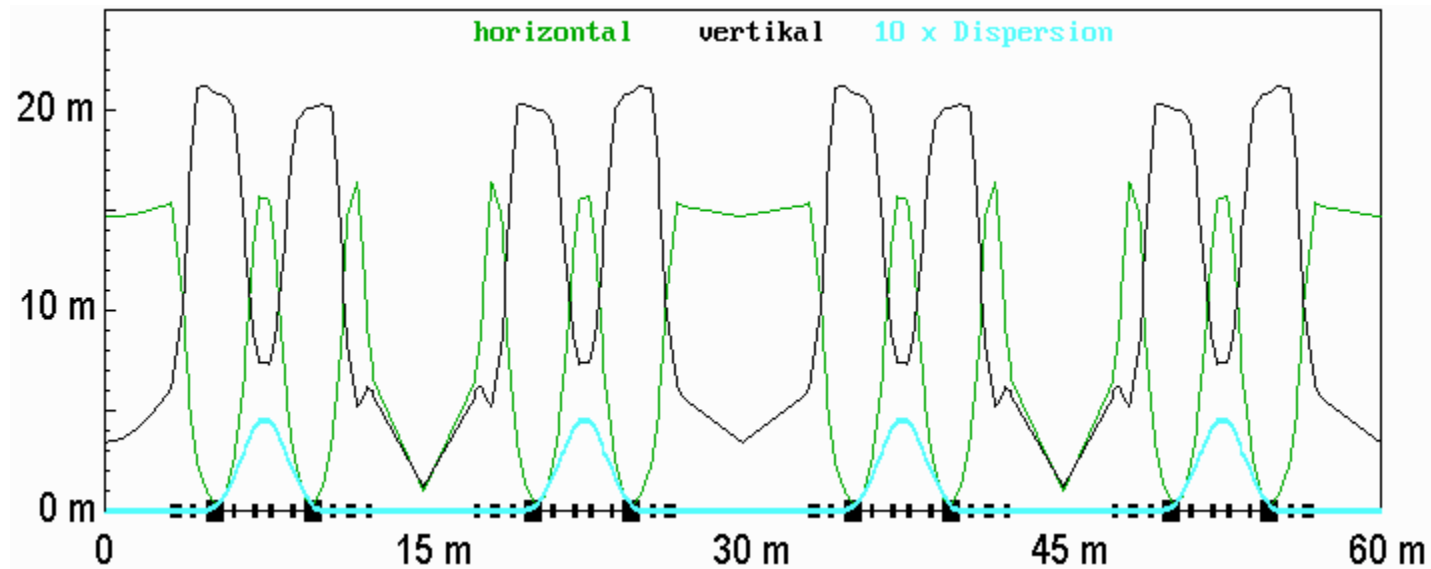
Beam current limitation $I < 300$ mA (7 T Wiggler)

Lifetime requirement $\tau > 5$ h (radiation shielding), $\tau > 10$ h in routine operation

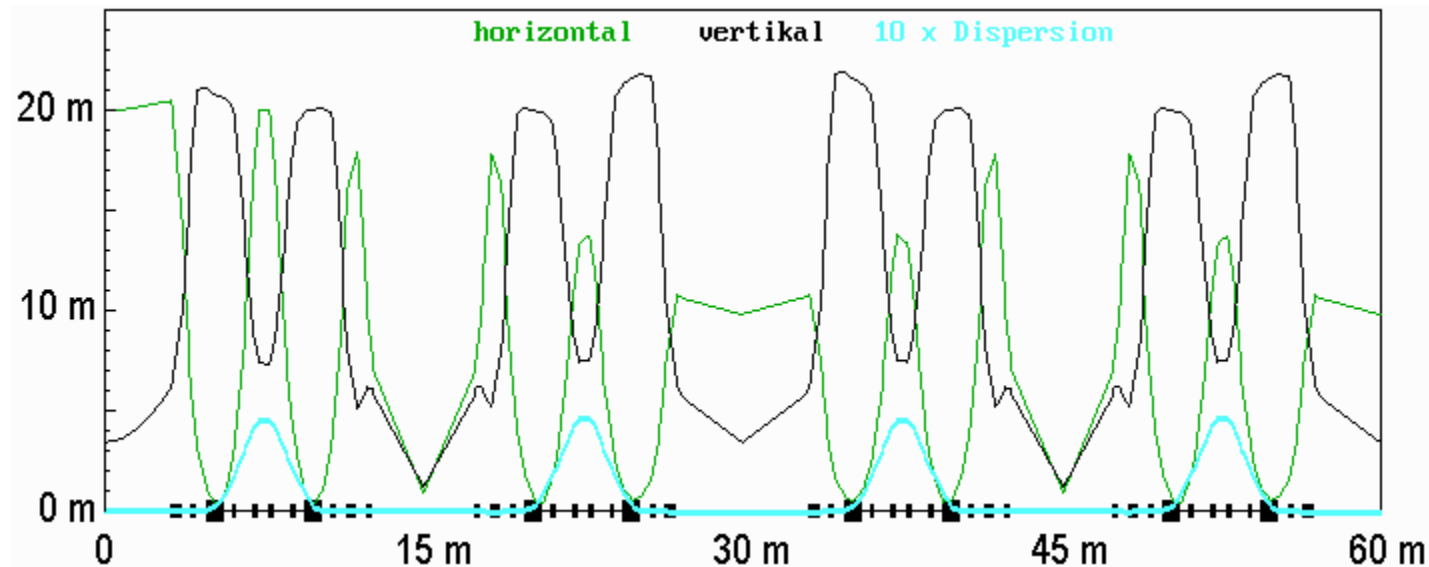
Booster current $I_{\text{syn}} > \sim 1$ mA (efficiency determination with < 1 % accuracy)

$\Rightarrow \Delta T \sim 20\text{-}40$ s and $\Delta I_{\text{SR}} \sim 0.4$ mA, also for top-up of intense single bunches

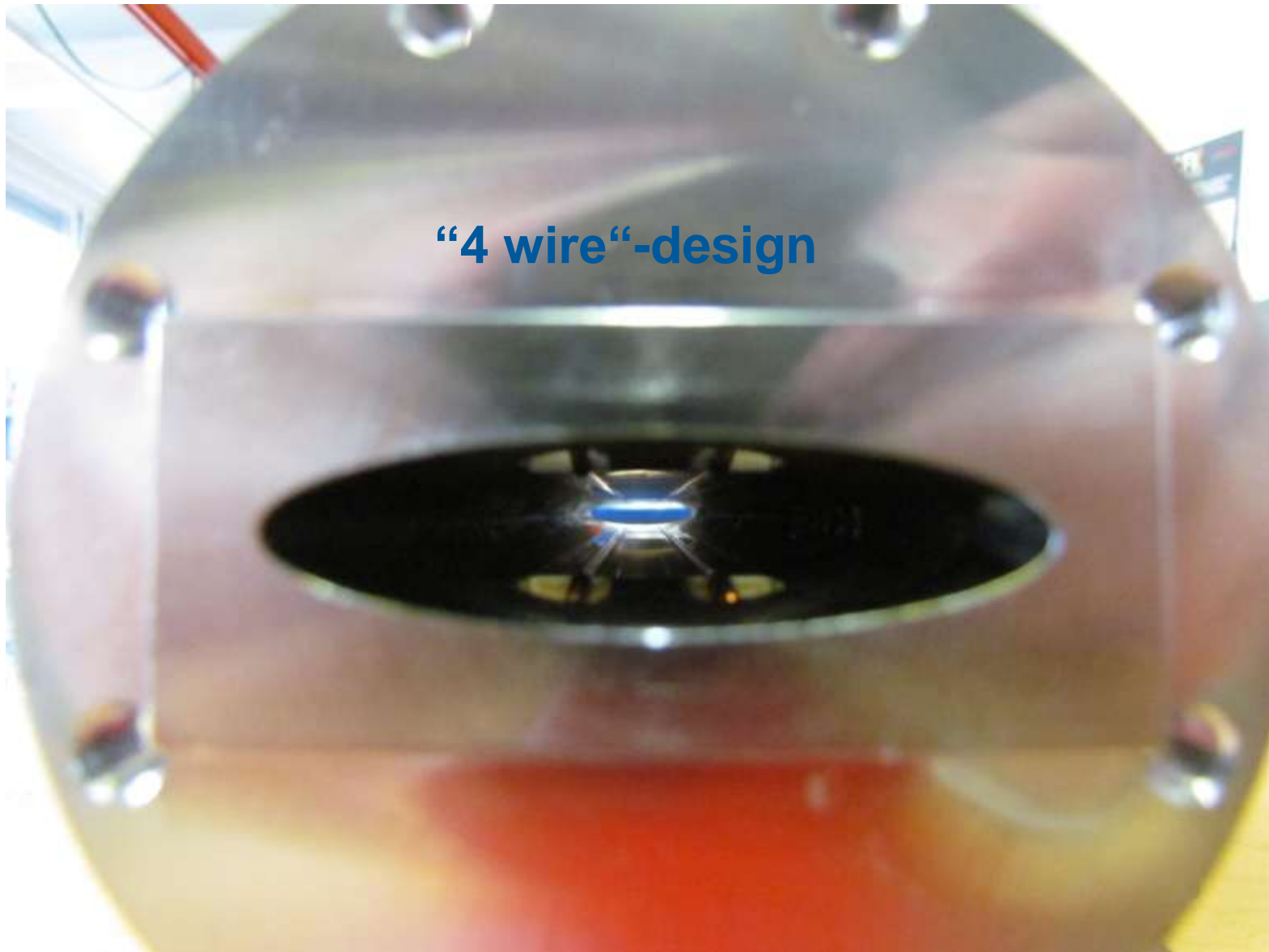
standard optics with strong negative impact of IDs in the doublet straights:



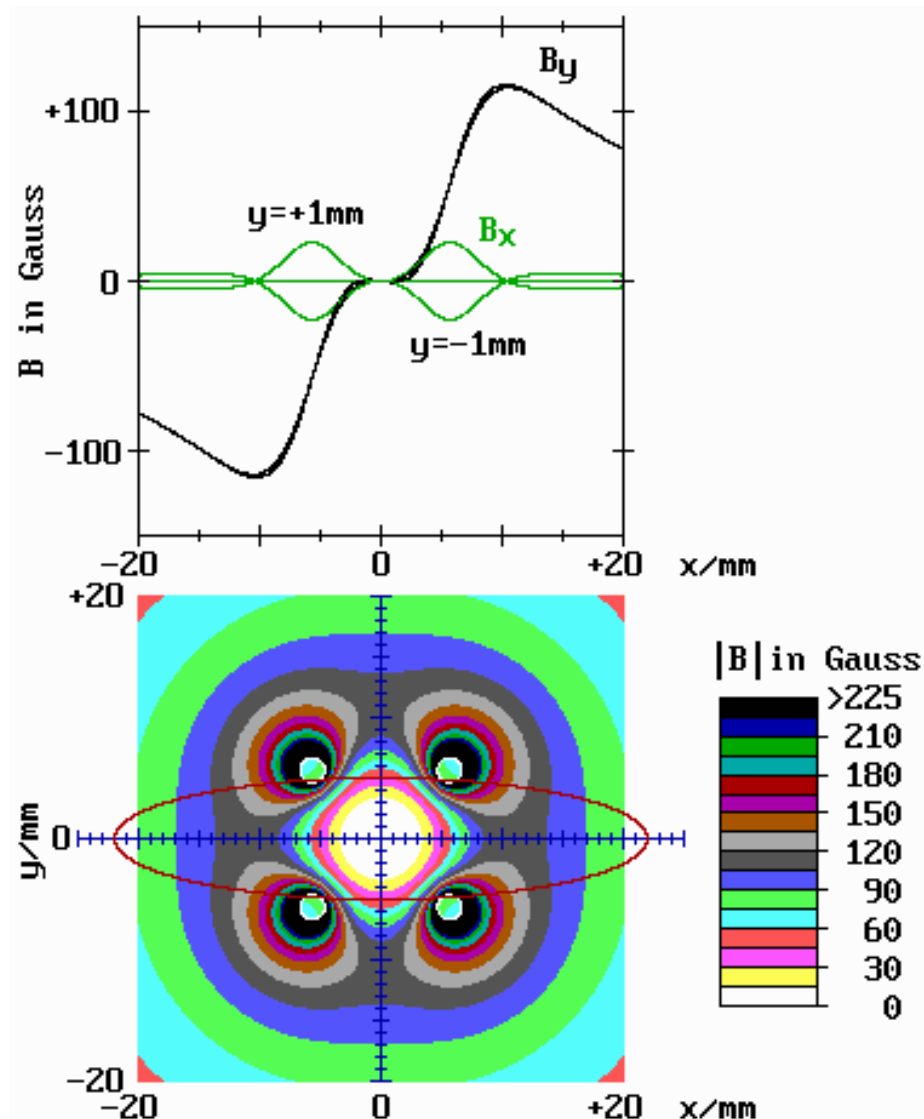
reduce impact of IDs in the doublet straights by smaller horizontal β -function:



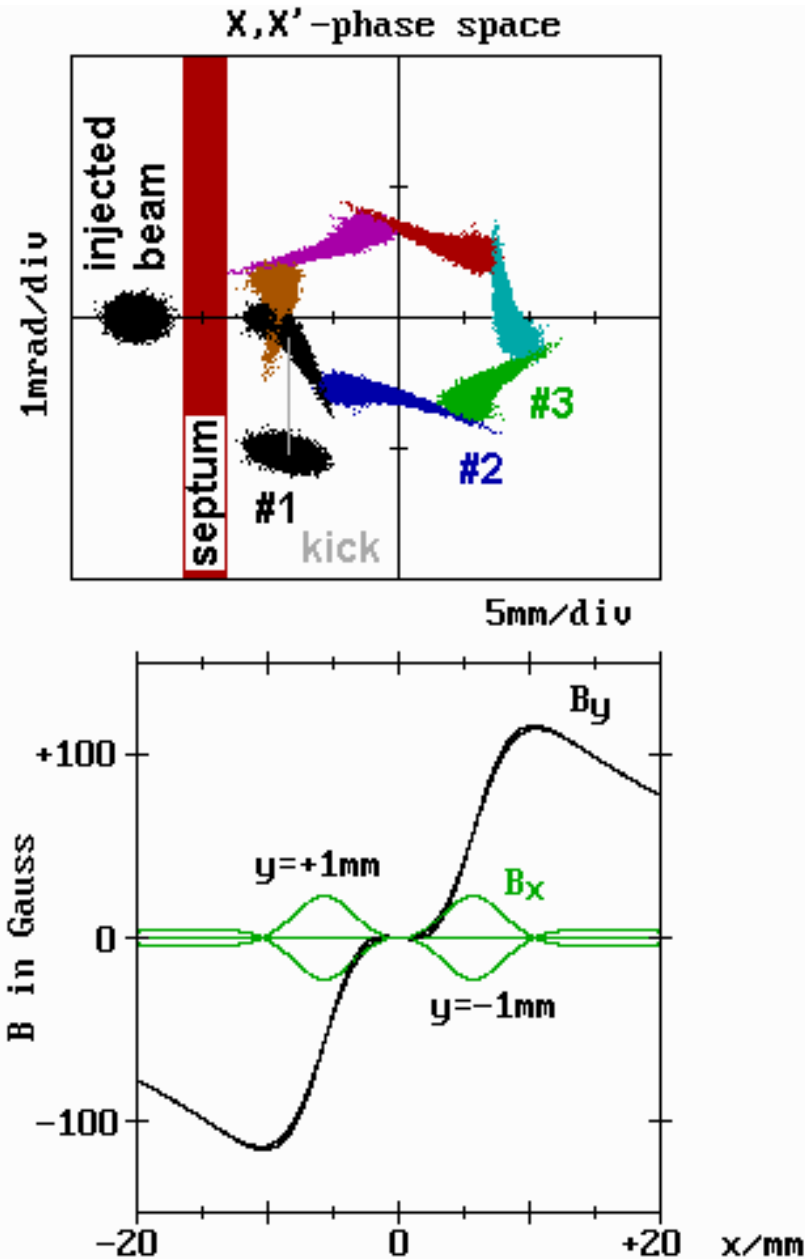
horizontal β -function 20 m/rad in the injection straight and 10 m/rad elsewhere;
should make oscillation of injected beam smaller at IDs

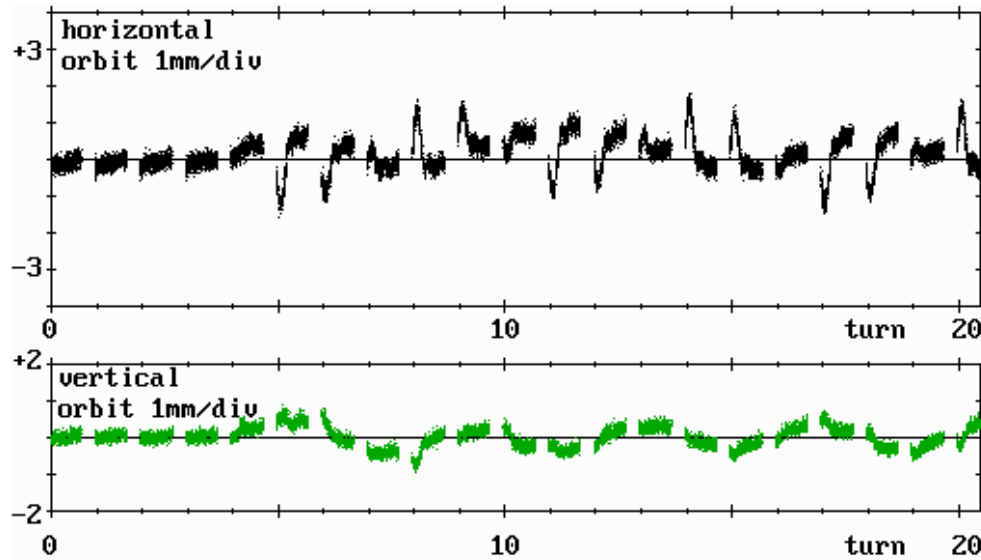


In-vacuum stripline-type design



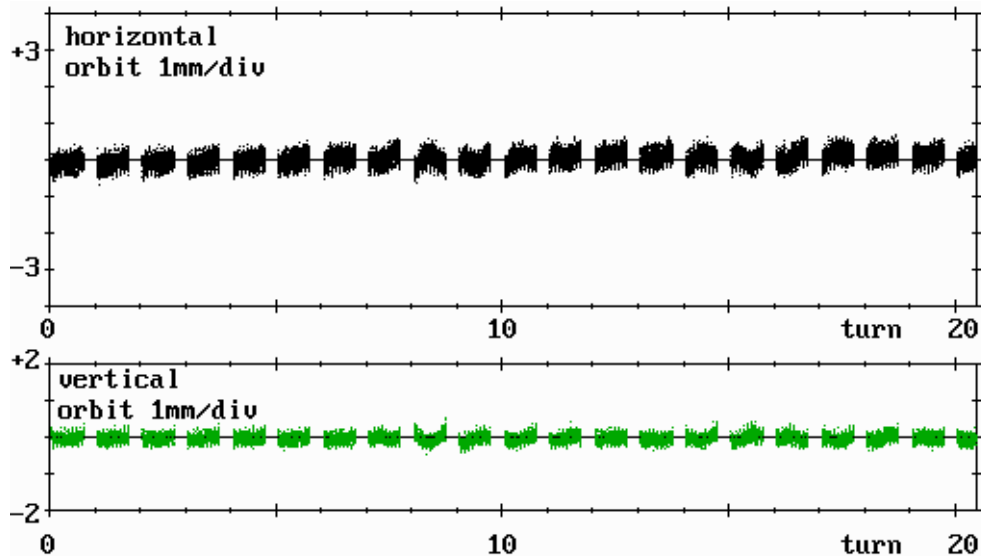
4 wires with 200A each





4-kicker injection bump
optimized for small orbit
perturbation

injection efficiency $\sim 80\%$



single, non-linear injection
kicker – not fully optimized:
horizontal $< 60\ \mu$
vertical $< 15\ \mu$

injection efficiency $\sim 80\%$ up to
300 mA

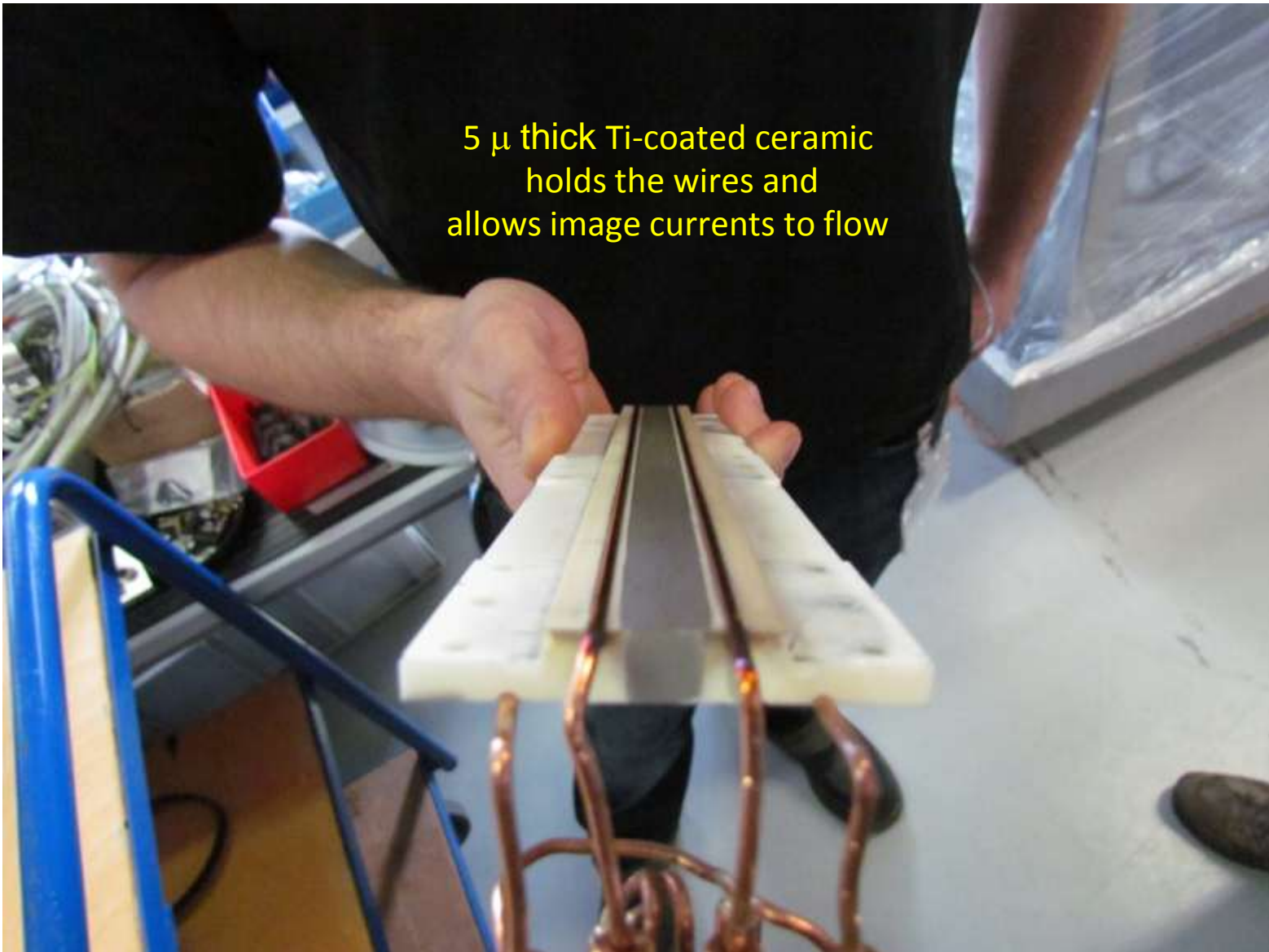
After the tests the kicker had to be removed

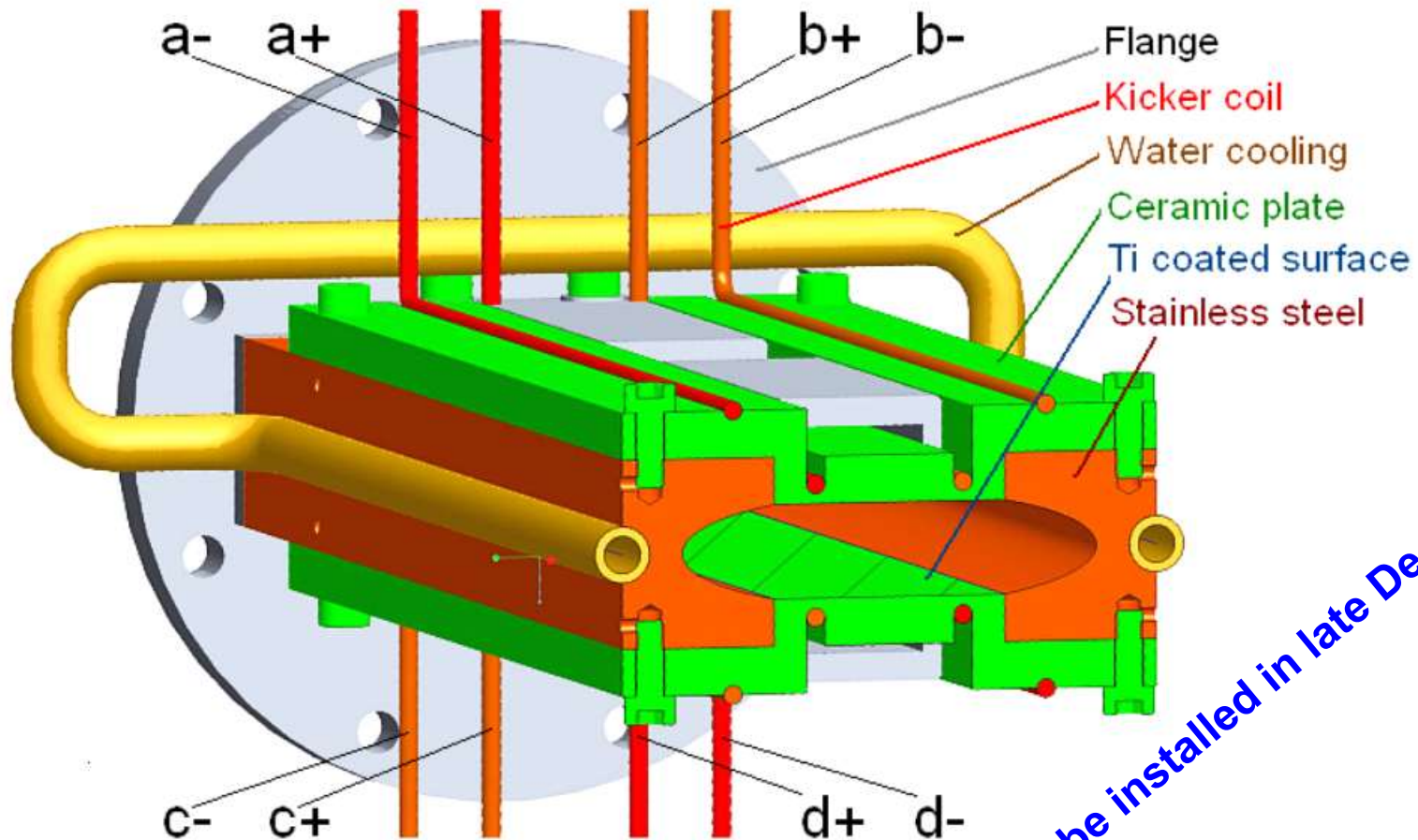
Thermal and Vacuum Problems: Temperature at the outside of the kicker tank increased within 20-30 min to 60° C with $I_{mb}=300$ mA or $I_{sb}=15$ mA, along with severe vacuum degradation

Beam Dynamics Issues: Except for vacuum related beam blow-up no coupled bunch instability was observed

Injection Efficiency: was as good as with the 4 kicker injection bump, stored beam was far more stable

5 μ thick Ti-coated ceramic
holds the wires and
allows image currents to flow





to be installed in late December

Figure 3: Sectional view of kicker magnet structure, second magnet design.

At first it was

**SISSY - Solar Energy Material In-Situ
Laboratory at the Synchrotron**



Than it became

**EMIL - Energy Material In-Situ
Laboratory Berlin**

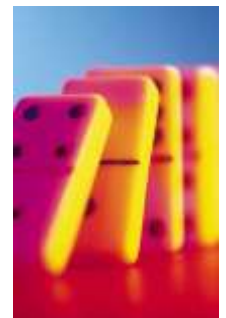
SISSY – Catalysis – 60to6



And all this is part of

DOMINO

restructuring the user floor

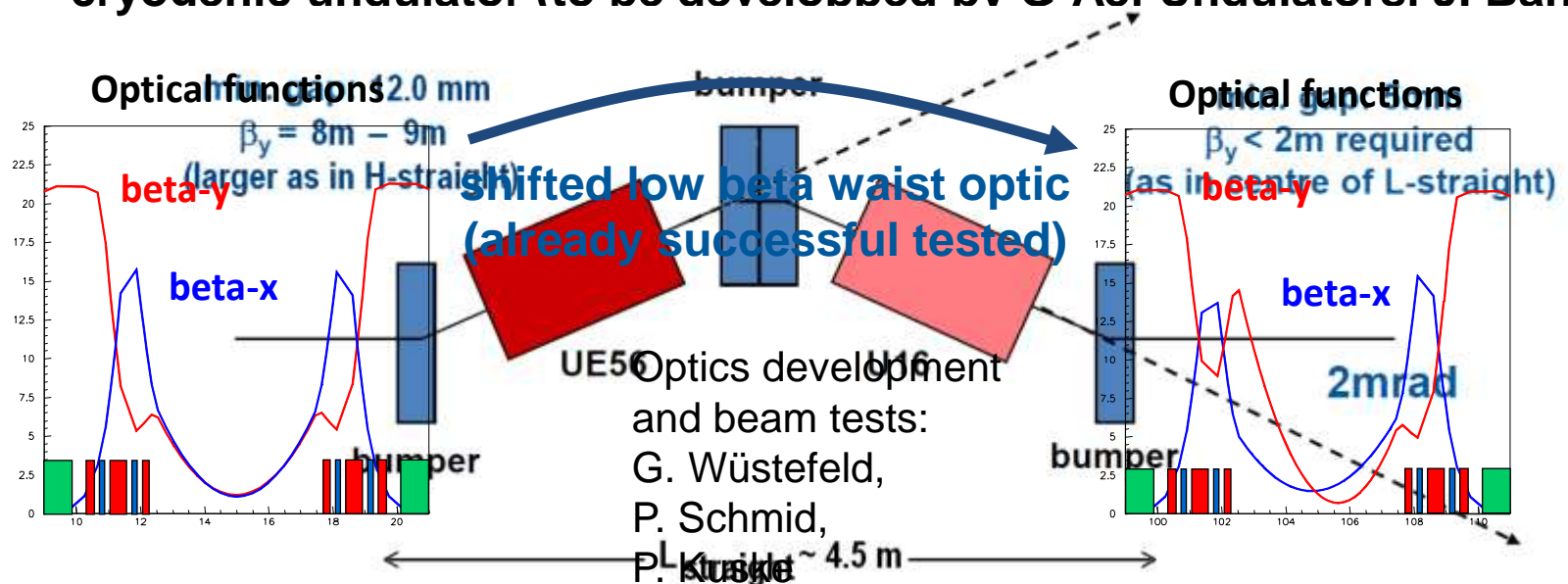


Targets given by EMIL:

- spectral range (60 eV – 10 keV)
- small focal spots
- high brilliance over large spectral range in „one“ beamline

Solution - 2 insertion devices in one straight section:

1. 60eV ... 2000eV covered by conventional out-of-vacuum APPLE II undulator
2. 2 ... 8 keV in the 1st to 7th harmonic covered by **planar hybrid in-vacuum cryogenic undulator (to be developed by G-A3. Undulators. J. Bahrtdt)**



Running annual Budget ~ 1 M€ / a

maintenance, licenses, small replacement, small R&D, consumables, travelling

800 k€ / a

operation, app. progs., control system, electronic, power supplies, diagnostic, vacuum

200 k€ / a

rf, cryo

Projects: preservation, modernisation, up-grade:

projects	up to 2010	2011	2012	2013 ...
Linac	2654	1015	90	
Top-Up	751	175	324	
FT-MF-W	175	175	175	
HOM	370	370	380	
Sum	3485	2360	1244	

From 2012 on:

2000 k€ / a is available for photon projects (machine + user floor)

On average per year: 1000 k€ for the machine !

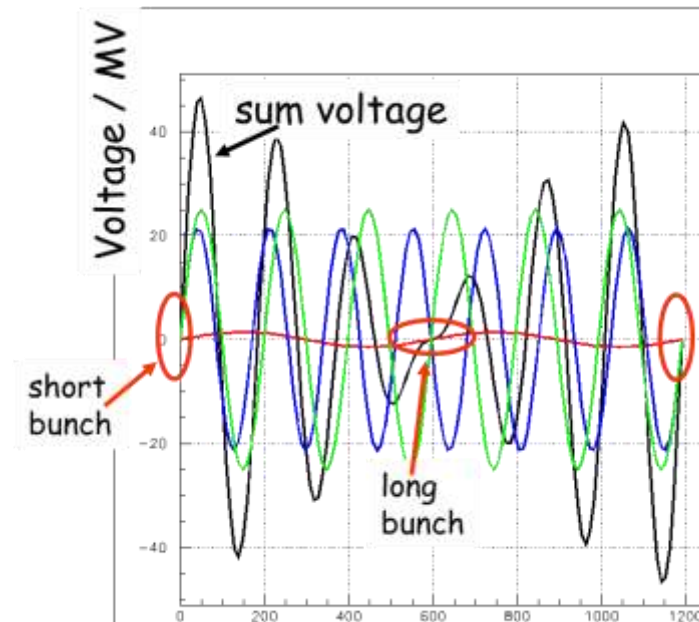
(projects needs to be negotiated within BESSY II steering com.)

running +
approved
projects

pioneered short pulse operation in low- α mode (IR, THz, coherent THz)
(special mode, not compatible with most other users)

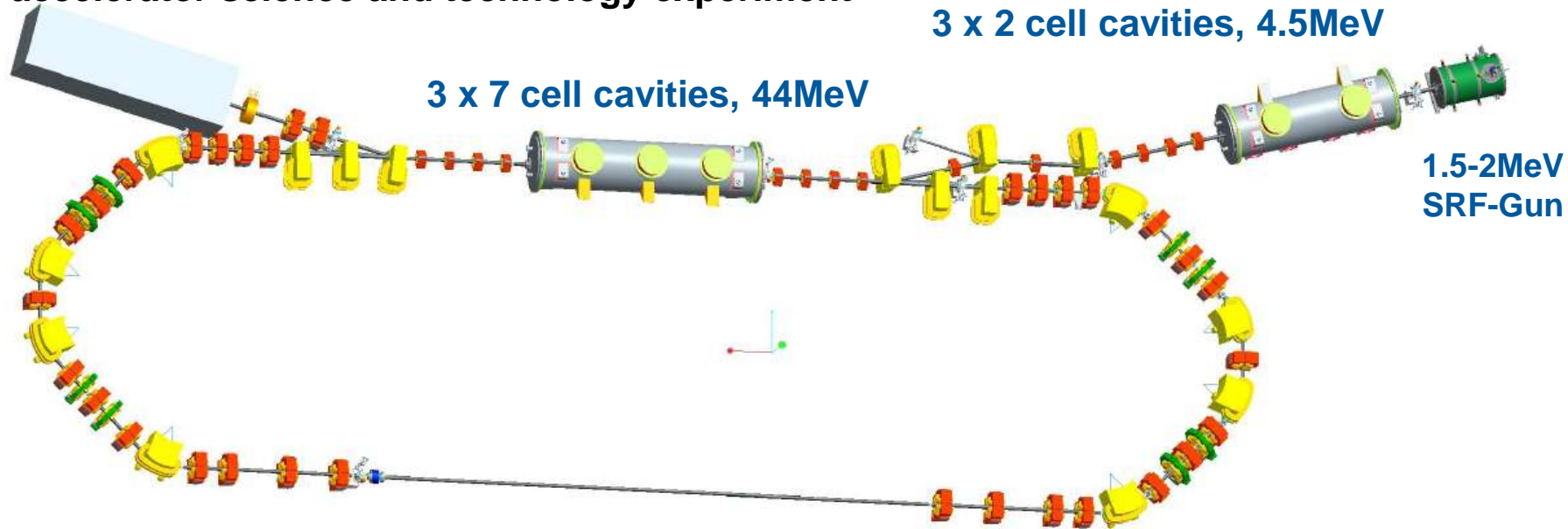
provides \ll ps pulses from femto-slicing facility
(limited flux, only one ID)

→ provide short pulses (ps and shorter) at all end stations simultaneously with high flux, high brilliance



$$\sigma_l \sim \frac{\sqrt{\alpha}}{\sqrt{\frac{dV}{ds}}}$$

100mA / low emittance ERL demonstrator, including all the key aspects of large scale ERL
An accelerator science and technology experiment



	Basic Parameter	Advanced
max. beam energy	50MeV	50MeV
max. current	100mA	
nominal bunch charge	77pc	up to some10pC
pulse length	~ 2 ps	down to ~ 100fs
Rel. energy spread	~10 ⁻⁴ range	~10 ⁻²
rep. rate	1.3GHz	variable
normalized emittance	< 1mm mrad	~ mm mrad

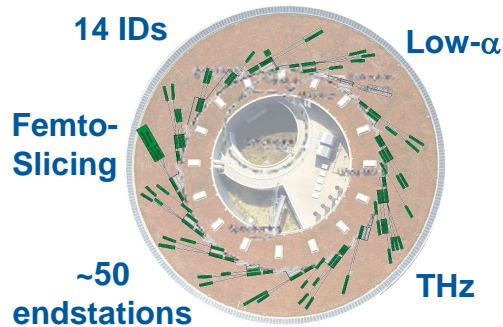
Outlook - BESSY II Time Line

1998
Start

2011
today

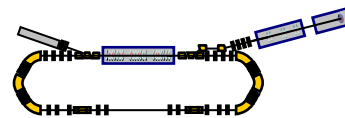
BESSY II perspective

2025



Linac, Top-Up, FOFB,
+ Phases II

BERLinPro



BESSY^{VSR}



**Up-Grade = Providing new and unique capabilities
Bridging the gap to the future**

To allow BESSY II to reach the future:

Preservation

(continuous replacement of worn out and out dated components, e.g. standard power supplies, control hardware, ...)

Modernisation (better than only preservation)

(e.g. new solid state rf-transmitters replacing old klystron systems → higher reliability, lower phase noise = higher beam quality)

~ 2020

Decision on a
future facility

